	Quiz Average	4.3	Quiz H	Quiz High Score 8	
PH 220	Quiz # 0)6 (10 pts)	Name	Solutio	n

An object in space has a mass of 7.87 kg is moving along a circular path of radius 17.9 m. Its speed is described by $v = (-6.73 + 4.21t - 1.31t^2) \text{ m/}_{\text{S}}$. What is the magnitude of the object's tangential acceleration at a time of t = 3.00 s?

A. 3.65 m/s^2 B. 5.89 m/s^2 C. 1.94 m/s^2 D. 12.1 m/s^2 $a_T = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt}(-6.73 + 4.21t - 1.31t^2) = 4.21 - 2.62t$ At t = 3.00s $a_T = 4.21 - 2.62t = 4.21 - 2.62(3.00) = -3.65 m/s^2$

So, the correct answer is A !

The mass of the Moon is $7.35 \ge 10^{22}$ kg. The radius of the Moon is $1.74 \ge 10^6$ m. The period of the Moon's rotation about its internal axis is $2.36 \ge 10^6$ s. At what distance from the center of the Moon would a satellite have to be so that it orbited the Moon remaining above the same spot on the Moon. This is the Moon's equivalent to a geostationary satellite orbiting the Earth.

A. 6.92×10^{23} m **B.** 8.84×10^7 m **C.** 8.32×10^{11} m **D.** 3.84×10^8 m

$$\sum F_R = \frac{Gm_Mm}{r^2} = ma_c = m\frac{v^2}{r} = \frac{m}{r}\left(\frac{2\pi r}{T}\right)^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 m}{T^2}r$$
$$r^3 = \frac{Gm_M}{4\pi^2}T^2$$

$$r = \left[\frac{Gm_M}{4\pi^2}T^2\right]^{1/3} = \left[\frac{\left(\frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} Nm^2}{kg^2}\right)(7.35 \times 10^{22} kg)}{4\pi^2}(2.36 \times 10^6 s)^2\right]^{1/3}$$

$$r = [6.916 \ x \ 10^{23} \ m^3]^{1/3} = 8.84 \ x \ 10^7 \ m^3$$

So, the correct answer is B !

A person has a mass ($m_P = 67.0 \text{ kg}$) is riding on a Ferris wheel which has a radius of 16.7 m and the wheel takes a time of 13.3 s. What is the apparent weight of the person as they rotate through the top of the wheel?

A. 657. N **B.** 906. N **C.** 407. N **D.** 577. N

At top of wheel:

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} F_{R} = m_{P}g - N = m_{P}a_{C} = m_{P}\frac{v^{2}}{R} = \frac{m_{P}}{R}\left(\frac{2\pi R}{T}\right)^{2} = \frac{4\pi^{2}m_{P}R}{T^{2}}$$

Apparent Weight is normal force

$$N = m_P g - \frac{4\pi^2 m_P R}{T^2} = m_P \left(g - \frac{4\pi^2 R}{T^2}\right)$$
$$N = (67.0 \ kg) \left(9.80 \ \frac{m}{s^2} - \frac{4\pi^2 (16.7 \ m)}{(13.3 \ s)^2}\right) = (67.0 \ kg) \left(9.80 \ \frac{m}{s^2} - 3.73 \ \frac{m}{s^2}\right)$$
$$N = (67.0 \ kg) \left(6.07 \ \frac{m}{s^2}\right) = 407. N$$

So, the correct answer is C !

A Ford Mustang with a driver in it has a combined mass of 1470. kg is driving over a circular hill which has a radius of 45.0 m. At what speed will the car leave the road surface?

A. 14.8 m/_S B. 29.7 m/_S C. 65.7 m/_S D. 21.0 m/_S $\sum F_R = mg - N = ma_C = m\frac{v^2}{R}$ Car leaves the road if N=> 0. $mg = m\frac{v^2}{R}$

$$v^2 = Rg$$

$$v = \sqrt{Rg} = \sqrt{(45.0 m) (9.80 m/s^2)} = \sqrt{441.m^2/s^2} = 21.0 m/s$$

So, the correct answer is D !

The International Space Station orbits about 6.77×10^6 m. The mass of the Earth is 5.98×10^{24} kg. What would they find the acceleration of gravity due to the Earth on the space station?

A.8.70 $^{\rm m}/_{\rm S^2}$ C.5.11 $^{\rm m}/_{\rm S^2}$ B.5.89 $^{\rm m}/_{\rm S^2}$ D.9.80 $^{\rm m}/_{\rm S^2}$

$$g = G \frac{m_E}{r^2} = \left(6.67 \ x \ 10^{-11} N \ m^2 / kg^2 \right) \frac{(5.98 \ x \ 10^{24} \ kg)}{(6.77 \ x \ 10^6 \ m)^2} = 8.70 \ m / s^2$$

So, the correct answer is A !

<u>Dr. Donovan's Classes</u> <u>Page</u>	<u>Dr. Donovan's PH 220</u> Lecture Quiz & Exam <u>Solutions</u>	
NMU Physics	NMU Main Page	
Department Web Page		

Please send any comments or questions about this page to <u>ddonovan@nmu.edu</u> *This page last updated on March 15, 2024*